For SI: 1 square foot = 0.93 m^2 , 1 British thermal unit = 1055 J, 1 pound per square foot = 4.88 kg/m^2 , 1 gallon (US) = 3.785 L, °C = (°F - 32)/1.8, 1 degree = 0.79 rad.

- a. Where required by the code official, testing shall be conducted by an approved party. Hourly calculations as specified in the ASHRAE ...or the equivalent, shall be used to determine the energy loads resulting from infiltration.
- b. The combined air exchange rate for infiltration and mechanical ventilation shall be determined in accordance with Equation 43 of 2001 ASHRAE

 ...page 26.24 and the "Whole-house Ventilation" provisions of 2001 ASHRAE

 ...page 26.19 for intermittent mechanical ventilation.
- c. Thermal storage element shall mean a component that is not part of the floors, walls or ceilings that is part of a passive solar system, and that provides thermal storage such as enclosed water columns, rock beds, or phase-change containers. A thermal storage element shall be in the same room as fenestration that faces within 15 degrees (0.26 rad) of true south, or shall be connected to such a room with pipes or ducts that allow the element to be actively charged.
- d. For a proposed design with multiple heating, cooling or water heating systems using different fuel types, the applicable standard reference design system capacities and fuel types shall be weighted in accordance with their respective loads as calculated by accepted engineering practice for each equipment and fuel type present
- e. For a proposed design without a proposed heating system, a heating system having the prevailing federal minimum efficiency shall be assumed for both the standard reference design and proposed design.
- f. For a proposed design home without a proposed cooling system, an electric air conditioner having the prevailing federal minimum efficiency shall be assumed for both the standard reference design and the proposed design.
- g. For a proposed design with a nonstorage-type water heater, a 40-gallon storage-type water heater having the prevailing federal minimum energy factor for the same fuel as the predominant heating fuel type shall be assumed. For a proposed design without a proposed water heater, a 40-gallon storage-type water heater having the prevailing federal minimum efficiency for the same fuel as the predominant heating fuel type shall be assumed for both the proposed design and standard reference design.
- h. For residences with conditioned basements, R-2 and R-4 residences, and for townhouses townhouse, units, the following formula shall be used to determine glazing area:

. . = . X . X

- . where:
- . . = Total glazing area.
- . . . = Standard reference design total glazing area.
- . . . = (Above-grade thermal boundary gross wall area)/(above-grade boundary wall area + 0.5 × below-grade boundary wall area).
- . = (above-grade thermal boundary wall area) /(above-grade thermal boundary wall area + common wall area) or 0.56, whichever is greater.
- . and where:
- . Thermal boundary wall is any wall that separates conditioned space from unconditioned space or ambient conditions.
- . Above-grade thermal boundary wall is any thermal boundary wall component not in contact with soil.
- . Below-grade boundary wall is any thermal boundary wall in soil contact $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$
- . Common wall area is the area of walls shared with an adjoining dwelling unit

 $i. \quad \text{The factor for the compactness of the hot water distribution system is the ratio of the area of the rectangl } \\ r \text{ he} \\ \text{rectangl } \\ r \text{ he} \\ r \text{ he$